3 (Sem-6) STS M 3

## 2020

## STATISTICS

(Major)

Paper: 6.3

## (Applied Statistics - 2)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- Answer the following questions as directed: 1.  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - The first Indian census took place in (a) (Fill in the blank) the year \_\_\_\_\_,
  - In the construction of which chart (b) Poisson distribution is used?
    - (i)  $\overline{X}$  chart (ii) R-chart

    - (iii) P-chart (iv) C-chart

(Choose correct answer)

(c) The control chart for fraction defective is called *np*-chart.

(Write true or false)

- (d) An assumed number of newly born babies at the same time denoted by  $l_0$  is called \_\_\_\_\_. (Fill in the blank)
- (e) The probability of accepting a lot with fraction defective  $p_t$  is termed as \_\_\_\_\_. (Fill in the blank)
- (f) Most serious drawback of crude death rate is that it does not take into account of the age and sex distribution.

(Write true or false)

- (g) What is meant by the statement 'NRR of a country is 0.508'?
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
  - (a) Distinguish clearly between defect and defective.
  - (b) Explain the usefulness of R-chart.
  - (c) Name different measures of population growth.
  - (d) What do you understand by abridged life table?

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- 3. Answer any three of the following questions: 3×5=15
  - (a) Explain the main control charts for attributes and obtain their control limits.
  - (b) Is the crude death rate an accurate measure of mortality of a population of a country? If not, how will you modify it to give reliable results?
  - (c) What is Average Sample Number (ASN) and Average Total Inspection (ATI)? Explain the method of their calculation for single sampling plan.
  - (d) State the assumptions regarding the population under which a life table is constructed. Also mention the uses of a life table.
  - (e) What is clinical trial? Write a note on the importance of its study.
- 4. Answer any three of the following questions: 10×3=30

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(a) What do you mean by fertility of a population? Explain the various measures of fertility in common use and discuss their merits and demerits.

- (b) Describe single sampling plan. Obtain OC and AOQ curve for this plan.
- (c) Starting from a suitable assumption regarding the relative growth rate of population, derive the logistic equation. Also mention the properties of this curve.
- (d) What do you mean by statistical quality control? Discuss its utility and limitations. Also state the role of SQC in the industrial world.
- (e) Write brief notes on the origin and functions of the
  - (i) Central Statistical Organisation and
  - (ii) National Sample Survey Organisation.
- (f) Define (i) Central mortality rate  $(m_x)$ 
  - (ii) Force of mortality rate  $(\mu_x)$
  - and (iii) Probability of death  $(q_x)$  in a life table.

Hence show that

(i) 
$$q_x = \frac{2m_x}{2 + m_x}$$

(ii) 
$$m_x = \mu_x + \frac{1}{2}$$
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