## 2018

## SANSKRIT

(Major)

Paper: 5.5

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions in brief:  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) To which Veda, the Kathopanisad does belong?
  - (b) Who is the father of निचकेताः?
  - (c) "अजो नित्यः शाश्वतोऽयं पुराणः"
    For whom, this statement is spoken?
  - (d) What is the source of the 'निरुक्तम्'?
  - (e) "इदं करणादित्याग्रयणः" What is आग्रयण referred to here?

- (f) ''वाचः पाता वा पालयिता वा''
  Who is the God related with this statement?
- (g) ''नचिकेता नाम पुत्र आस।''
  Write the Sanskrit equivalent for the word 'आस'.
- 2. Answer the following questions:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$ 

(a) Fill in the blanks:

पीतोदका \_\_\_\_ दुग्धदोहा \_\_\_\_ । \_\_\_ नाम ते \_\_\_ गच्छति ता ददत्।।

- (b) Give the derivation of the word 'सविता' as found in your Nirukta text.
- (c) Give two examples of Vedic लेट् लकार.
- (d) Define उदात्तस्वर with proper example.
- 3. Explain any two of the following:

 $5\times2=10$ 

- (a) अनुपर्य यथा पूर्वे प्रतिपर्य तथाऽपरे। सस्यमिव मर्त्यः पच्यते सस्यमिवाजायते पुनः॥
- (b) न वित्तेन तर्पणीयो मनुष्यो लप्स्यामहे वित्तमद्राक्ष्म चेत्त्वा। जीविष्यामो यावदीशिष्यसि त्वं वरस्तु मे वरणीयः स एव॥

- (c) नायमात्मा प्रवचनेन लभ्यो न मेधया न बहुना श्रुतेन। यमेवैष वृणुते तेन लभ्यः तस्यैष आत्मा विवृणुते तनूं स्वाम्।।
- 4. Write a note on the content of First वल्ली of the First अध्याय of the 'कठोपनिषद्'.

Or

## ''तस्मात्प्रति त्रीन्वरान्वृणीष्व''

Who is the speaker here? What are those boons (वरान्) referred to here? Discuss the content of the statement.

5. Explain any one of the following:

(a) रुद्रो शैतीति सतः। रोरूयमाणो द्रवतीति वा।

- (b) पर्जन्यस्तुपेः। आद्यन्तविपरीतस्य। तर्पयिता जन्यः।
- "कः कमनो वा।"

Discuss, after यास्क, the derivative meaning of the God 'क' with proper मन्त्र.

Or

Write a note on विश्वकर्मन् as you find in your Nirukta text.

10

10

7. Write a note on the Vedic Infinitives (तुमर्थक).

Or

Write a note on the use of the Vedic Upasargas.

